

Catalog number	Product name
hC001-XXXX	Whole blood processing kit (human)
hC002-XXXX	Whole blood processing kit (human)/Gen2
mC001-XXXX	Whole blood processing kit (murine)
mC002-XXXX	Whole blood processing kit (murine)/Gen2
	Components
hC001-XXXX -D01	Fix-Diluent (human)
hC002-XXXX -D01	
mC001-XXXX -D01	Fix-Diluent (murine)
mC002-XXXX -D01	
XXXX	Corresponds to variable kit size



Section 1: Identification of the su	bstance/mixture	and of the compan	y/undertaking
1.1. Product identifiers	,	•	, , <u> </u>
Product name:	Fix-Diluent		
Product number:	hC001-XXXX -D01/mC001-XXXX -D01		
Brand:	Cytodelics		
1.2. Relevant identified uses of	the substance or	mixture and uses a	advised against
Identified uses:	Dilution of fixation	on buffer; research u	se only
1.3. Details of the supplier of the	safety data sheet		
Company:	Cytodelics AB		
	Forskargatan 20J		
	151 36 Södertälje	9	
	Sweden		
Telephone:	+46(0) 70851785	56	
Fax:	Not available		
Email:	info@cytodelics.o	com	
1.4. Emergency telephone numbe			
Emergency phone:		ical emergency, spill	, fire, or exposure
	Country	Phone numbers	•
	Australia	1800 127 406	+64 4 917 9888
	New Zealand	0800 764 766	0800 243 622
	Finland	09 471 977	09 4711
	Sweden	112	
	Norway	22 59 13 00	113
	Denmark	82 12 12 12	
	Czech Republic	224 919 293	224 915 402
	France	0145425959	
Section 2: Hazards identification	<u> </u>		
2.1. Classification of the substanc	e or mixture		
Classification according to Regulation	on (EC) No 1272/2	2008 (CLP):	
None of the mixture's component			n in accordance
with Regulation No 1272/2008/I	EC.		
Mixture contains Sodium Azide at	<0.1%; considere	ed as not hazardous	s at this
concentration and therefore does	not legally requir	e safety datasheet	
<b>GHS Classification in accordance</b>	_	ot classified accordin	ig to the Globally
with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS)	Harmonized Syst		
Classification - EC 1272/2008	The product is not classified according to the CLP		
	regulation.		
2.2. Label elements	1		
Hazard pictograms:	Not applicable		
Signal word:	Not applicable		
Hazard statements:	Not applicable		
Precautionary statements:	Not applicable		
2.3. Other hazards	Not applicable		



Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients					
<b>3.1. Substances</b> (EC 1272/2008)		Not	applicable		
			·		·
3.2. Mixtures					
Identification	Index number in	CLP	CAS number	EC number	Weight % content
name	Annex VI				(or range)
Sodium azide	011-004-00-7	<u> </u>	26628-22-8	247-852-1	<0.1%

Used as a biocidal preservative; harmful if swallowed; it has been evident to kill at low concentrations if enough is ingested (more than supplied in kit). May cause eye, skin or tissue irritation.

#### **Section 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation:	If adverse effects occur, remove to uncontaminated area. Give artificial
	respiration if not breathing. If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be
	administered by qualified personnel. Get immediate medical attention.
Eye contact:	Rinse immediately with plenty of water for 15 minutes holding the eyelids
	open. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. May cause
	irritation, redness, pain, and tearing. Seek medical attention.
Skin contact:	Wash skin with soap and water for at least 15 minutes while removing
	contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention, if needed.
	Thoroughly clean and dry contaminated clothing and shoes before reuse.
Ingestion:	If swallowed, drink plenty of water, do NOT induce vomiting. Get
	immediate medical attention. Induce vomiting only at the instructions of a
	physician. Do not give anything by mouth to unconscious or convulsive
	person.
General	If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).
information:	

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most commonly reported health effect from azide exposure is hypotension, almost independent of route of exposure. Most industrial exposures are by inhalation of pure substance. Most laboratory exposures or suicide attempts are by ingestion <sup>1</sup>. *Note: Check the section 11 for toxicological information.* 

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Onset of hypotension within minutes or in less than an hour is indicative of a pharmacological response and a benign course. Hypotension with late onset (>1 hour) constitutes an ominous sign for death. All individuals with hypotension for more than an hour died. Additional health effects included mild complaints of nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, headache, dizziness, temporary loss of vision, palpitation, dyspnea, or temporary loss of consciousness or mental status decrease. More severe symptoms and signs included marked decreased mental status, seizure, coma, arrhythmia, tachypnea, pulmonary edema, metabolic acidosis, and cardiorespiratory arrest ¹.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> (Chang, S. et al., Int.J.Toxicol.; 22:175-186; 2003).



NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: For inhalation, consider oxygen. For ingestion, consider gastric lavage, activated charcoal slurry and catharsis.

activated charcoal slurry and catharsis.		
Note: Check the section 11 for toxico	ological information.	
<b>Section 5: Fire-fighting measures</b>		
5.1. Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media:	Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or	
	carbon dioxide.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media:	No information available	
5.2. Special hazards arising	No information available	
from the substance or mixture		
5.3. Advice for fire-fighters	Wear self-contained respiratory protective device. In	
	order to avoid contact with skin, keep a safety distance	
	and wear suitable protective clothing.	
Section 6: Accidental release mea	asures	
6.1. Personal precautions,	Wear suitable protective clothing. Avoid breathing	
protective equipment and	vapors, mist or gas. Avoid formation of dust. Ensure	
emergency procedures	adequate ventilation of the working area. Evacuate	
3 71	personnel to a safe area. Avoid breathing dust. For	
	personal protection see section 8.	
6.2. Environmental precautions	Prevent further spillage if safe. Do not allow product to	
<b>F</b>	enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be	
	avoided.	
6.3. Methods and material for	Do not flush to sewer. Soak up with inert absorbent	
containment and cleaning up	material. Transfer to suitable, labeled containers for	
остоительный ир	disposal. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.	
6.4. Reference to other sections	See Section 7 for information on safe handling. See	
	Section 8 for information on personal protection	
	equipment. See Section 13 for disposal.	
	oquipmonii coccomini za iai inapassii	
Section 7: Handling and storage		
7.1. Precautions for safe	Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion at the workplace.	
handling	Wear personal protective equipment. Do not get in eyes,	
	on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe vapors or spray	
	mist. Do not ingest. Store locked up. As with all	
	chemicals, wash hands thoroughly after handling.	
	Protect from freezing and physical damage. Do not mix	
	pure substance with acids. Contact with acid generates	
	toxic Hydrazoic Acid fumes.	
7.2. Conditions for safe storage,	Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, temperature	
including any incompatibilities	controlled (20-25 °C) and well-ventilated place.	
	Containers, which are opened, must be carefully	
	resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not	
	store near acids.	



7.3. Specific end	use(s)	Apart from the uspecific uses are		d in section 1.2 no other
Section 8: Expos	ure controls/ne	rsonal protection		
8.1. Control para			•	
Exposure limit v				
Sodium azide	Limit value - Eight hours Limit value - Short term			
	ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³
Australia			0,11 (1)(2)	0,3 (1)(2)
Austria		0,1		0,3
Belgium		0,1		0,3
Canada - Ontario			0,29 (1)	
Canada - Québec			0,11 (1)	0,3 (1)
Denmark		0,1		0,2
European Union		0,1		0,3
Finland		0,1		0,3 (1)
France	0,1 0,3			
Germany (AGS)	0,2 0,4 (1)			
Germany (DFG)	0,2 inhalable aerosol 0,4 inhalable aerosol			
Hungary	0,1 0,3			
Ireland	0,1 0,3 (1)			
Italy	0,1 0,3			
Latvia		0,3 (1)		
New Zealand		0,29 (1)		
People's Republic of China				0,3 (1)
Poland	0,1 0,3			0,3
South Korea	0,29 (1)			0,29 (1)
Spain		0,1		0,3
Switzerland		0,2 inhalable aerosol		0,4 inhalable aerosol
The Netherlands	0,1 0,3		0,3	
Turkey		0,1		0,3 (1)
USA - NIOSH			0,1 (1)	0,3 (2)
United Kingdom		0,1		0,3
Australia	and Sodium azide	ue (2) For the two subst ), the exposure standard ted into volumetric value	ls are established a	this footnote (Benomyl, as gravimetric (mg/m³)
Canada - Ontario	(1) Ceiling limit val			
Canada - Québec	(1) Ceiling limit val			
European Union	Bold-type: Indicativ	ve Occupational Exposu osure [4] ~ (for reference		



Finland	(1) 15 minutes avera	age value	
France	Bold type: Restrictive statutory limit values		
Germany (AGS)	(1) 15 minutes average value		
Germany (DFG)	STV 15 minutes ave	rage value	
Ireland	(1) 15 minutes refere	ence period	
Italy	skin		
Latvia	(1) 15 minutes avera	age value	
New Zealand	(1) Ceiling limit value	9	
People's Republic of China	(1) Ceiling Limit valu	e	
South Korea	(1) Ceiling limit value	9	
Spain	skin		
Turkey	(1) 15 minutes avera	age value	
USA - NIOSH	(1) Ceiling limit value	e (as HN3) (2) Ceiling limit value (as NaN3)	
8.2. Exposure con			
Appropriate engin	eering controls	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of the working day. Ensure adequate ventilation of the working area. Safety showers, eye wash stations and hand-washing equipment should be available.	
Eye/ face protection		Wear splash resistant safety goggles with a faceshield. Provide an emergency eye wash fountain and quick drench shower in the immediate work area.	
Skin/ hand protect	tion	Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves. Splash contact Material: Nitrile rubber Minimum layer thickness: 0,11 mm Break through time: 480 min Material tested:Dermatril® (KCL 740 / Aldrich Z677272, Size M) data source: KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, phone +49 (0)6659 87300, e-mail sales@kcl.de, test method: EN374 If used in solution, or mixed with other substances, and under conditions which differ from EN 374, contact the supplier of the CE approved gloves. This recommendation is advisory only and must be evaluated by an industrial hygienist and safety officer familiar with the specific situation of anticipated use by our customers. It should not be construed as offering an approval for any specific use scenario.	
Respiratory protec	ction	Under conditions of frequent use or heavy exposure, respiratory protection may be needed	
Environmental exp		For details see Section 6.	
Section 9: Physica	al and chemical j	properties	



9.1. Information on basic physica	l and che	mical properties	
a) Appearance		Form: liquid;	
b) Odour		No data available	
c) Odour Threshold		No data available	
d) pH		No data available	
e) Melting point/freezing point		Approx. 0 °C	
f) Initial boiling point and boiling ra	ange	Approx. 100 °C	
g) Flash point	****80	No data available	
h) Evaporation rate		No data available	
i) Flammability (solid, gas)		No data available	
j) Upper/lower flammability or ex	nlosive	No data available	
limits	prosive		
k) Vapour pressure		No data available	
l) Vapour density		No data available	
m) Relative density		Approx. 1.03 g/cm <sup>3</sup> at 20 °C	
n) Water solubility		Freely soluble	
o) Partition coefficient: n- octanol/v	water	No data available	
p) Auto-ignition temperature		No data available	
q) Decomposition temperature		No data available	
r) Viscosity		No data available	
s) Explosive properties		No data available	
t) Oxidizing properties		No data available	
9.2 Other information			
Hazardous chemical reactions:		available	
The substance polymerize in contact with:	No data available		
The substance can react	No data available		
dangerously with:			
Carting 40 Chalding 1			
Section 10: Stability and reactivity	Ť T	available	
10.1. Reactivity 10.2. Chemical stability	1	avaliable nder normal ambient and anticipated storage	
20.2. One micai stability		dling conditions of temperature and pressure.	
10.3. Possibility of hazardous		available	
reactions			
10.4. Conditions to avoid	No data	available	
10.5. Incompatible materials	Potentially but unlikely: Halogenated hydrocarbon, Metals, Acids, Acid chlorides, Hydrazine, Dimethyl		
	sulfate, l	norganic acid chlorides	
10.6. Hazardous decomposition	No data	available	
products			
Soction 11, Toyigological informs	tion		
Section 11: Toxicological informa	UUII		



<b>11.1. Information on toxicologi</b> Acute toxicity	Human; oral exposure:
ricate tonienty	Fatal doses occur with exposures > 700mg (10mg/kg
	body weight)
	Nonlethal doses occur with exposures 0.3-150mg (0.004
	-2 mg/kg body weight)
	LD50 oral rat
	Value: 27 mg/kg
	Farm Chemicals Handbook. Vol, Pg. C32, 1991.
	LD50 dermal
	Species: Rabbit
	Value: 20 mg/kg
Claire and it with the control of th	Farm Chemicals Handbook. Vol, Pg. C32, 1991.
Skin corrosion/irritation	Potentially can causes skin irritation. If skin irritation
Contract description	occurs: Get medical attention.
Serious eye damage/irritation	Potentially can causes serious eye damage. Wear
	protective gloves and eye protection. IF IN EYES: Rinse
	cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove
	contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue
	rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or
Daspiratory or skip sansitization	physician.  No data available
Respiratory or skin sensitization Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available  No data available
Carcinogenicity	No data available
Reproductive toxicity	No data available
STOT-single exposure	No data available
STOT-repeated exposure	No data available
Aspiration hazard	No data available
Continue 12. Foological informat	1
Section 12: Ecological informat	
12.1. Toxicity	LC50 Fish (96 hours)
	Minimum: 0,68 mg/l
	Maximum: 5,46 mg/l
	Median: 2,8 mg/l Study number: 6
	Reference for median:
	Klaverkamp, J.F., A. Kenney, S.E. Harrison, and R. Danell 1975. An
	Evaluation of Phenol and Sodium Azide as Reference Toxicants in Rainbow
	Trout. In: Proc.2nd Annual Aquatic Toxicity Workshop, 1975, Ontario Ministry of the Environ., Freshwater Inst., Winnipeg, Manitoba, Canada:73
	92
	LC50 Crustaceans (48 hours)
	Minimum: 9 mg/l
	Maximum: 9 mg/l
	Median: 9 mg/l
	Study number: 1
	Reference for median:



Section 13: Disposal consideration 13.1. Waste treatment methods Product / Packaging disposal: Waste codes / waste designations	Contaminated packaging dispose as unused product.
	ons
Section 13: Disposal consideration	ons
14.0. Utilet auvel se elletts	very toxic to aquatic fire with folig fasting effects.
12.6. Other adverse effects	levels of 0.1% or higher.  Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
	very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at
assessment	either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB	This mixture contains no components considered to be
12.4. Mobility in soil	No data available
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	No data available
	N <sub>2</sub> formed is further reduced to NH <sub>3</sub> .
	N <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> and NH <sub>3</sub> ; N <sub>3</sub> - is reduced to N <sub>2</sub> and NH <sub>3</sub> ; some of the
	Bacterial nitrogenase activity reduces sodium azide to
	dissipates especially from acid, moist soils.
	Sodium azide dissipation from soil is significantly affected by pH, soil moisture, and relative humidity. It
	dissolved in water.
	Sodium azide (NaN <sub>3</sub> ) forms hydrazoic acid (HN <sub>3</sub> ) when
degradability	natural degradation of sodium azide.
12.2. Persistence and	Direct photolysis is reported to have no influence on
	6(4):383-403
	and Cell Recovery Toxicity End Points After Acute Exposure of Selenastrum capricornutum to Selected Chemicals. Environ. Toxicol. Water Qual.
	Hickey, C.W., C. Blaise, and G. Costan 1991. Microtesting Appraisal of ATP
	Reference for median:
	Study number: 1
	Median: 0,348 mg/l
	Maximum: 0,348 mg/l
	Minimum: 0,348 mg/l
	EC50 Algae (72 or 96 hours) Test duration: 96 hours
	ECEO Algae (72 on 06 hours)
	Washington, DC :505 p. (USGS Data File)
	Freshwater Animals. Resour.Publ.No.160, U.S.Dep.Interior, Fish Wildl.Serv.,
	Mayer, F.L.Jr., and M.R. Ellersieck 1986. Manual of Acute Toxicity: Interpretation and Data Base for 410 Chemicals and 66 Species of
	Reference for median:
	Study number: 2
	Median: 5,3 mg/l
	Maximum: 6,4 mg/l
	Minimum: 4,2 mg/l
	EC50 Crustaceans (48 hours)
	732) (Publ in Part As 6797)
	Washington, DC:18 p. (Author Communication Used) (Used with Reference
	Sanders, H.O. 1969. Toxicity of Pesticides to the Crustacean Gammarus lacustris. Tech.Pap.No.25, U.S.D.I., Bur.Sports Fish.Wildl., Fish Wildl.Serv.,



The state of the s			
13.1.2 Waste treatment-relevant		Dispose of in compliance with all local and national	
information:		regulations. Contact a licensed waste disposal company.	
		Dispose of this material and its container to hazardous	
		or special waste collection point.	
13.1.3 Sewage disposal-rel	evant	Do not allow to reach sewage water or drainage ditch.	
information:		C C	
13.1.4 Other disposal		No data available	
recommendations:			
Section 14: Transport in	formatio	n	
14.1. UN number		Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport	
		regulations.	
14.2. UN proper shipping	g name	None	
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)		None	
14.4. Packing group		None	
14.5. Environmental hazards		Also refer to Section 6.	
14.6. Special precautions for		Not applicable	
user			
14.7. Transport in bulk		Not applicable	
according to Annex II of			
MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code			
Section 15: Regulatory information			
15.1. Safety, health and	All comp	oonents of this product are on the ECHA public inventory.	
environmental	Listed in the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS).		
regulations/legislation	Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.		

15.1. Safety, health and	All components of this product are on the ECHA public inventory.		
environmental	Listed in the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS).		
regulations/legislation	Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.		
specific for the	This safety datasheet complies with the requirements of		
substance or mixture	Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/830.		
15.2. Chemical safety	No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this		
assessment	substance/mixture by the supplier.		

#### **Section 16: Other information**

Only trained personnel should use this material. To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither CytoDelics, nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liabilities whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

#### **Additional information**

ECHA information on registered substances

http://echa.europa.eu/web/guest/information-on-chemicals/registered-substances OECD eChemPortal

http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request\_locale=en

IFA GESTIS database on hazardous substances

http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp

IFA-International limit values



http://limitvalue.ifa.dguv.de/